

MARCH 22 1958

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X- Jg 2 R F E  
X- Chw 1 7 Lewis Jr  
X- Cus 2 C.A. Willoughby  
X- Cus 3 W. Becker  
X- Cus 3 J. Brada

"CONCLUSION OF THE CONFERENCES IN THE UNITED STATES"  
(Special to the "Sudetendeutsche Zeitung")

One week after Dr. Walter Becher now Jiri Brada has also returned to Europe from trip across the United States.

Jiri Brada had paid visits to some former acquaintances such as former Congressman Kit Clardy in Lansing, Michigan and former Congressman Charles J. Kersten in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Mr. Kersten and Mr. Clardy said they were ready to cooperate in the foundation of a new American-European organization which would do better work than Radio Free Europe does now. Cooperation was promised also by Major General Charles A. Willoughby and by the former US Ambassador in Canada, Mr. James Cromwell.

In Chicago, Illinois, Mr. Brada contacted Mr. Robert A. Taft, a distant relative of the late Senator Taft, as well as the Czech Emigrant Jiri Havalka (National Democratic Party), representatives of other nations, the newspaper "Chicago American", the Sudeten-German Emigrant Frederic Kovanda and others. Over a local radio station Mr. Brada spoke for half an hour about the necessity of a policy of liberation.

Then Mr. Brada returned to Washington where he had lunch with radio commentator Fulton Lewis Jr., at the Hotel Statler. He also met the publisher of the magazine "Human Events", Mr. Frank Castigan, and with several members of Congress. Among them were Edwin B. Dooley, Frank M. Coffin (Foreign Relations Committee), Charles F. Bennett, Francis E. Walter, Bruce Alger and Congressman Ralph W. Gwin, who asked Mr. Brada's opinion about a heads-of-state conference with the Communists. Of this he sent a copy to President Eisenhower and to Secretary of State Dulles.

Congressman Frank M. Clark, a Democrat from Pennsylvania, introduced into the Congressional Records a newspaper article written by Mr. Brada against the "New York Times" which had recommended contacts with Communist rulers. Mr. Brada called it regrettable that this kind of propaganda is offered as official American opinion at the US

Information Centers in Europe while the papers of the other concerns are not available at the American Houses.

On his return trip, Mr. Brada spent one day in New York where he met Karel F. Stokr, Bohdan Chandebe, Josef Kalvoda, Milos B. Voboril, as well as the publishers of the magazines "National Review" and "American Mercury", the representatives of the Stuben Society and of the newspaper "Journal American." On March 13th he arrived back in Munich by airplane. He reported that Congressman Albert H. Bosen had on February 25th published in the Congressional Records the Bonn Declaration on February 25th which had been forwarded by Sudeten German members of the parliament to Foreign Minister Brentano.

#### "Defeat of the 'Rada'"

Supplementing this, the Czech Exile Press Service of Munich reports:

"The people of and around the Council of Free Czechoslovakia have suffered complete defeat in the United States. When I say this I mean the defeat which they have suffered with their festivities on the 10th anniversary of the so-called Prague Putsch. The whole festivity came to practically nothing. Almost no American politician supported the affair except those who are married to Czechoslovakian women and who tried to mention "academically" the academic heroism of those collaborators of the Communists who ten years ago, having finished their tasks, had been expelled from the jobs which they had held until then.

On the other hand, all over the United States a storm of protest was evinced against these collaborators and this, first of all, found its echoes in the respective radio announcements, and in the speeches of American Senators and Congressmen in the Congress and in the Senate. A resolution had almost been adopted condemning not only the Communists in the CSR, but also their collaborators at that time. What did not happen - still may happen. In any case, the month of February brought hereabouts an awakening regarding the position of the Council.